TABLE S3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, State government, 2008

Industry <sup>2</sup>	NAICS code <sup>3</sup>	Total cases	Source of injury or illness <sup>4</sup>					
			Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces
State government <sup>6,7</sup>		71,100	620	3,460	2,470	1,690	2,100	16,630
Goods producing <sup>6</sup>		1,500	20	80	_	120	210	300
Construction		1,450	20	70	_	120	210	290
Construction	23	1,450	20	70	_	120	210	290
Service providing		69,600	600	3,380	2,470	1,570	1,890	16,330
Education and health services		30,600	400	1,810	1,430	610	560	6,370
Educational services	61	9,920	210	1,000	670	380	410	2,910
Educational services Colleges, universities, and professional schools	611 6113	9,920 8,170	210 170	1,000 870	670 560	380 330	410 360	2,910 2,260
Health care and social assistance Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	62 622 623	20,670 12,360 7,060	190 120 70	800 410 320	770 320 370	230 170 50	150 100 40	3,450 1,930 1,070
Public administration		33,780	160	1,300	940	790	930	9,010
Public administration	92 922 9221 92212 92214	33,780 22,070 22,070 3,370 17,250	160 110 110 - 90	1,300 880 880 90 740	940 640 640 – 510	790 190 190 - 140	930 580 580 240 330	9,010 6,110 6,110 500 5,140

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, State government, 2008 — Continued

	Source of injury or illness <sup>4</sup>								
	Handtools	Vehicles	Person, injured or ill worker		Person, other than injured or ill worker		A.II		
Industry <sup>2</sup>			Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Health care patient	All other sources <sup>5</sup>		
State government <sup>6,7</sup>	1,150	5,980	11,460	10,520	16,310	9,180	9,240		
Goods producing <sup>6</sup>	30	240	240	230	-	_	250		
Construction	30	230	230	220	_	_	240		
Construction	30	230	230	220	_	_	240		
Service providing	1,120	5,740	11,210	10,290	16,310	9,180	8,990		
Education and health services	580	1,280	3,890	3,780	10,310	8,000	3,340		
Educational services	420	530	1,710	1,660	310	80	1,360		
Educational services Colleges, universities, and professional schools	420 330	530 470	1,710 1,490	1,660 1,460	310 220	80 70	1,360 1,110		
Health care and social assistance Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	160 130 30	750 380 180	2,180 1,310 650	2,120 1,270 640	10,000 6,280 3,580	7,920 5,040 2,810	1,980 1,210 690		
Public administration	380	3,270	6,560	5,760	5,410	1,180	5,030		
Public administration  Justice, public order, and safety activities  Justice, public order, and safety activities  Police protection  Correctional institutions	380 150 150 - 130	3,270 1,610 1,610 1,030 410	6,560 4,410 4,410 820 3,310	5,760 3,860 3,860 750 2,840	5,410 3,900 3,900 320 3,480	1,180 60 60 - 50	5,030 3,490 3,490 340 2,970		

Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

System-- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> North American Industry Classification System — United States, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data shown in columns correspond to the following Source codes: Chemicals and chemical products = 00-09; Containers = 10-19; Furniture and fixtures = 20-29; Machinery = 30-39; Parts and materials = 40-49; Person, injured or ill worker = 56; Worker motion or position = 562; Person, other than injured or ill worker = 57; Health care patient = 573; Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces = 62; Handtools = 71-73; Vehicles = 80-89; All other sources = all remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes nonclassifiable responses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification